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AGRICULTURAL CROP REPORT



San Benito County Department of Agriculture

WARD B. SAUNDERS, Agricultural Commissioner
H. C. DOAN, Agricultural Inspector
J. H. EDMONDSON, Agricultural Inspector
HOLLISTER, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL REPORT

For the

Year Ending December 31, 1954
Agricultural Code: Duties of the Commissioner
SECTION 65.6 STATISTICS--The Commissioner shall
compile reports of the condition, acreage, production and value of the agricultural products
in his county. The commissioner may publish such
reports, and shall transmit a copy to the Director.

In accordance with the Agricultural Code of the State of California, this report is

Respectfully submitted,

Ward B. Saunders Agricultural Commissioner

H. C. Doan Agricultural Inspector J. H. Edmondson Agricultural Inspector

1954 REPORT ON CROPS

The office wishes to thank the producers, packers and buyers for furnishing the figures contained in this report.

However this report is only an estimate. Some changes may be necessary when complete returns are available. This is the story as we found it.

1950	\$15,880,884.00
1951	
1952	
1953	\$16,852,304.00
1954	\$16,113,207.00

The gross income for 1954 by crops follows. Remember these are gross figures and only represent sales and not net profit. In fact some crops were produced at a very small profit or none at all.

ROW CROPS

CROP	ACRES	UNITS		PRICE PER UNIT	GROSS VALUE
	-4,421	98,044	toms	\$ 13.70	-\$1,343,202.00
Garlic	- 772	57,900	sacks	13.50	- 781% 650.00
Potatoes	- 1,919	345,420	sacks	3,00	- 1,036,260.00
Spinach	- 623	4,109	tons	25.00	- 102,725.00
Onions	- 266	159,600	sacks	1:35	215,460.00
Broccoli	- 205	32,750	crates	2.75	90,062.00
Tomatoes	-1,026	18,520	ton-ripe	21.00	- 388,920.00
Tomatoes		2,000	ton-green	35.00	70,000.00
Lettuce	-1,157	287,750	crates	3.20-4-	920,800.00
Seeds	-2,280	acres		250.00	570,000,00
Strawberries-	- 44	66,000	crates	2.25	148,500.00
Carrots	- 216	78,840	crates	3.70	291,708.00
Misc. Crops	\$\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\e				- <u>241,360.00</u>
TOTAL	•				\$6,200,647.00

Miscellaneous Grops are peas, lima beans, table beets, bell peppers, green onions, sweet corn, bush berries, squash, cotton and honey.

Seed Crops include the following: hybrid seed corn, mustard, turnip, radish, broccoli, celery, collards, squash, peppers, brussel sprouts, sweet peas, salisfy, onions, cabbage, tomatoes, lettuce, carrots, stock, verbena, calendula, zinnia, aster, larkspur and centaurea.

FRUIT & NUT CROPS

CROP	ACRES	UNITS	PRICE PER UNIT	_GROSS_VALUE
Apricots-Canned		7,915 tons-	-\$105.00\$	831,075.00
Apricots-Dried		1,025	- 860.00	881,500.00
Apricots-Fresh		150	- 135.00	20,250.00
Apricots-Baby Food	& Juice	1,060	- 92.50	98,050.00
Apricots-TOTAL	4,232	14,240-Fresh		1,830,875.00
Apples	217	3,015	- 65.00	195,975.00
Grapes-Wine	1,186	2,991	- 30,00	89,730.00
Pears-Bartlett-Can-	251	3,311	- 68.00	225,148.00
Pears-Bartlett-Baby	Food	475	- 45.00	21,375.00
Pears-Others	485	8,111	- 68.00	551,548.00
Prunes-French	2,743	6,000	- 190.00	1,140,000.00
Prunes-Others	554	750	- 275.00	206,250.00
Walnuts	1,833	1,350	· 440.00	594,000.00
Peaches-Canned)			
Peaches-Dried	, ·) \			
Cherries	/) \			74,450.00
Pears-Dried	/ } \			
Almonds	Ś			
TOTAL				4,929,351.00

LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

CROP	UNITS		RICE ER_UNIT	GROSS VALUE
Beef & Calves	15,000	head-\$	165.00\$	2,475,000.00
Lambs	6,500	head-	16.20	105,300.00
Wool	55,520	lbs	.50	27,760.00
Butterfat-Manufacture	d-207,960	lbs	.624	129,767.00
Butterfat-Market	31,992	lbs	1.23	39,350.00
Broilers	263,000	head-	.75	197,250.00
Hens for Meat	75,000	head-	.63	47,250.00
Eggs	735,871	doz	. 34	250,196.00
Turkeys	135,000	head	26 & .28 lb.	711,942.00
Hogs	1,800	head-	40.00	72,000.00
TOTAL			وجد دند سرو عند عند بنا جد حار شد عنو ديد مند	\$4,055,815.00
	FIEL	O CROPS		
CROP ACRES UNI	TS	· ····	PRICE PER UNIT	GROSS VALUE
Barley21,000296	, 310-100#	sacks-	2.40	-\$ 711,144.00
Wheat 2,012 20	, 120 - 100#	sacks	2.92	- 58,750.00
Hay 7	.500 tons		21.00	- 157,500.00
TOTAL	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~			-\$ 927,394.00

SUMMARY

CROPS	GROSS VALUE
Row Crops	6,200,647.00
Fruit & Nut Crops	4,929,351.00
Livestock & Poultry	4,055,815.00
Field Crops	927,394,00
TOTAL	16,113,207.00

1954 CROP REVIEW

FRUIT & NUT CROPS

The Apricot crop was well below average, but prices were up, both for cannery sale and to the dried fruit trade. Some dried Apricots sold at \$.45 per pound, the highest price on record. However the total returns to the growers were well below 1953.

The Apple prices were up slightly, but were below parity prices.

The <u>Bartlett Pear</u> yields were better than in 1953, but some crops failed to size properly. The <u>Winter Pear</u> crop returned more total dollars than in 1953.

Wine Grape prices were disappointing, the price dropping 25%.

Prune yields were better, but small sizes made total returns from French Prunes unsatisfactory.

Total <u>Walnut</u> tonnage was up, and prices were down moderately. Yields on some acreages suffered from walnut blight damage.

Canning <u>Peach</u> yields were higher in 1954 than in 1953, but the 20% surplus disposal by dropping the fruit on the ground, and tree removal reduced the crop.

Cherry yields were poor, but prices were good.

<u>Dried Peach</u> tonnage was small, but <u>Dried Pear</u> tonnage while small was greater than in 1953.

ROW CROPS

Sugar Beet acreage was higher as were the yields.

Garlic acreage and yields were up moderately.

Potato acreage was about the same as in 1953, but prices were better.

Tomato acreage increased. Some growers benefited by the fairly good shipping tomato market. Yields were comparable to 1953.

Spinach acreage was up slightly. About the same yields and prices as in 1953.

Onion yields were somewhat better with price up some.

Broccoli acreage dropped, as did the price.

Most of the Beans grown in the county are for seed purposes and yields were not too satisfactory due to growing and harvesting difficulties.

Lettuce acreage was considerably higher, but prices were only fair.

Strawberry acreage went down. Unfavorable weather and soil conditions reduced the crop this year.

Peas and Lima Beans are grown, but acreages are not large.

Cotton yield was up from a small acreage.

Small acreage of <u>Bell Peppers</u>, <u>Squash</u>, <u>Sweet Corn</u>, <u>Bush</u>

<u>Berries</u> and <u>Bunching Onions</u> were grown, and prices were fairly good.

FIELD CROPS

Barley acreage was down and prices and yields also dropped, as was the Wheat crop acreage, yield and price. This was the result of dry weather early in the year.

Hay yield per acre was down due to unfavorable weather.

It is likely that some increase in planting and a near normal rainfall will give the county some increased crops in 1955 and prices are not apt to change very much.

LIVESTOCK & POULTRY

Beef production was maintained and price strengthened somewhat.

Wool and Lambs: Total returns to the county were down slightly from 1953. Some improvement in 1955 is likely.

Milk and Milk Products dropped in price. Surplus dairy products in government hands is a depressing factor in the market.

The total number of <u>Broilers</u> raised was 107,000 less than in 1953 and the price also dropped per bird.

Egg prices were lower, better prices by midsummer are predicted.

Turkey prices and numbers were down in the county, a very large national production resulted in burdensome supplies.

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WEATHER

The Winter of 1953-1954 was much warmer than normal and was the second winter of above normal winter temperatures. The rainfall was much below normal until January, but the January, February, and March rains brought the total to 11.18 compared to a long time average of 12.81 inches. This shortened the growing season for grain and range plant growth and resulted in shorter feed, grain, and hay yields.

Spring temperatures were moderate but the summer was cool except for some hot days that caused some damage to seed, walnut, prune and lettuce crops.

PEST CONTROL

Fruit pests were troublesome. Walnut Blight caused more losses than usual and Walnut Aphis were more difficult to control. Increasing in importance as pests of prunes, apples, pears and apricots were the Red Spiders. Leaf Hoppers were abundant on prunes. Mealy Bug on apricots were reported for the first time in the county.

Melaxuma in walnuts caused some trouble and Fan Leaf and Mosaic diseases were located in county vineyards.

A number of orchardists have been experimenting with Carbonbi-sulphide to control Oak Root Fungus. The results to date are promising after three years use. However, this is too short a period of trial to be certain of complete success.

Systox, one of the newer pest control materials was very effective for Aphis control on vegetable seed crops. This material also showed some promise as a control for Stem Nematode of garlic. The use of 2-4-D sprays for the control

of weeds in grain crops was extensive and effective. This material also proved very satisfactory in killing Loco Weed.

A new formulation of 2-4-D appears promising for the control of Canadian Thistle.

The control of ground squirrels has been continued and the eradication area extended somewhat. The use of Meythl bromide gas has proven very satisfactory in the eradication sections, where the work is largely patrol work. The light weight of this material has reduced labor costs, which are the biggest item of cost in this type of work.

The injury to crops from pocket gophers has been on the increase and the control by the use of baits has been successful in many places.

Badgers digging holes in alfalfa and pasture ground have caused trouble, and trapping was required.

C. M. U. a soil sterilizing chemical has proved a very satisfactory material but the cost limits its use.

1955 OUTLOOK

Up to March the rainfall was about normal, but there has been little run off to replenish underground supplies. The weather was good for crop seeding. While the cold winter weather was beneficial to fruit trees, it has slowed plant growth, both seeded and range. The rainfall during the month of March has been below normal and a short feed year is in prospect.

The 1955 prospect for fruit crops appears to be good at this time. Apricot bud set is good and a larger crop in 1955

under normal spring conditions is probable. The Apple and Pear crops likely will be down somewhat. The Prune crop will be somewhat smaller, but with better sizes. The Grape crop will remain about the same, and increasing Walnut plantings will probably mean some increase in crop tonnages.

Row crop prospects are as follows: Sugar Beet acreage will be down, Garlic acreage the same. Potato acreage will be up slightly. Tomato acreage will probably be up. Spinach and Broccoli acreage will be down. No change is expected in Pea acreage. No change in Onion acreage is likely. Lettuce acreage will remain the same as in 1954. Cotton, Lima Beans, Field Beans and Strawberry acreage will be less in 1955.

The price levels will probably remain about the same in 1955 as in 1954 unless some extensive crop damage or a war demand develops.

1954 ANNUAL WORK REPORT AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER

NURSERY INSPECTION Complete Nursery Inspections -----8 INSECT PESTS Properties inspected in insect pest survey-----10 Man hours spent in insect pest surveys-----56 PLANT QUARANTINE INTERSTATE SHIPMENTS Shipments passed 173 Plants passed------6,286 Shipments rejected 1 Plants rejected______ 10

PLANT QUARANTINE INTRASTATE SHIPMENTS Shipments passed-----1.26 Plants passed------ 417,283 Shipments rejected-----16 Plants rejected-----35 WEED CONTROL Acres sprayed-----588 Miles of road patrolled for weeds-----9,373 Gallons of Diesel Oil and Sinox used-----12,573 Quarts of 2-4-D used-----1,362 Pounds of Sodium Chlorate used----10,837 Pounds of T. C. A. used----177 Man hours spent in weed control 3,637 Cost of Operation-----\$13,089.69 RODENT AND PEST ANIMAL CONTROL Acres treated 197,602 Pounds of poisoned bait used-----12,454 Pounds of Carbon Bisulphide used----- 3,725 Hours of County labor----2,869 Hours of Ranch labor 1,213 Hours of horse hire----2,491

CONTROL OF RODENT BORN DISEASE Acres treated -----68,901 Pounds of poisoned baits used for squirrels-----967 Pounds of Carbon Bisulphide used for squirrels-----4,805 Residences called on for rats-----281 Pounds of poisoned baits used for rats-----427 Quarts of poisoned water used for rats 109 Man hours of county labor used in Plague Operations-1,283 Man hours of ranch labor used in Plague Operations --72 Horse hours used in Plague Operations-----114 Cost of Rodent Borne Disease Operations-----\$ 3,138.73 APIARY INSPECTION Apiaries registered in county------2 Colonies registered in county-----45 Apiaries entering county-----28 Colonies entering county-----2,822 Apiaries leaving county 21 Colonies leaving county-----2,506 Apiaries burned because of American Foulbrood 2 Colonies burned because of American Foulbrood infection 32 FRUIT, NUT, VEGETABLE, EGG AND HONEY STANDARDIZATION Containers for which clearances were issued-----35,760 Dozens of eggs inspected-----1,525 Dozens of eggs rejected-----44

FIELD & ORCHARD INSPECTION AND PEST CONTROL	
Man hours spent in Field & Orchard Inspection &	
Pest Control	778
Permits issued for the use of injurious materials	264
Acres treated by aircraft in county	26,383
Acres treated by ground operations in county	5,914
Estimated total acreage treated by other than Pest	
Control Operators	23,576
SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES	
SCALES	
Sealed without correction	141
Sealed after correction	108
Found "out of order"	29
WEIGHTS	
Sealed without correction	178
Sealed after correction	5
LIQUID PUMPS AND METERS	
Sealed without correction	87
Sealed after correction	18
Found "out of order"	4
LIQUID CAPACITY MEASURES	
Sealed without correction	283
PACKAGES INSPECTED	
Found light	32
Found correct	30
Found heavy	1
TOTAL WEIGHTS AND MEASURES	916